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Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

John S. Shoemaker Professional Corporation

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Tina J. Viney Professional Corporation

Timothy J. Friesen Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Westlock County

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Westlock County, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Westlock County as at December 31, 2016, and the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Westlock, Alberta April 25, 2017

Succenater, V.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

WESTLOCK COUNTY **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at December 31, 2016

		2016	2015
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash (Note 3) Cash held in trust (Note 4) Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 5) Trade and other receivables (Note 6) Accrued interest receivable Land for resale inventory (County Industrial Park and Airport lots) Short term investments (Note 7) Loans receivable from community organizations (Note 7)	\$	3,190,436 38,965 1,004,811 1,987,881 65,130 970,710 5,250,212 6,955,213 19,463,358	\$ 104,30 38,90 817,4 1,330,6 75,99 970,7 9,164,8 7,221,0 19,724,0
LIABILITIES			4
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities Trust liabilities Due to related parties Deferred revenue (<i>Note 9</i>) Accrued wages payable (<i>Note 10</i>) Accrued interest payable Long term debt (<i>Note 11</i>) Long term debt held on behalf of community organizations (<i>Note 11</i>)		929,996 42,056 38,965 65,296 2,354,328 185,434 65,130 3,794,285 6,955,213	2,868,60 31,63 38,90 265,4 1,949,66 246,49 75,99 3,196,0
		14,430,703	15,893,9
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	_	5,032,655	3,830,1
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Tangible capital assets <i>(Schedule 2)</i> Inventory for consumption <i>(Note 12)</i> Prepaid expenses	-	26,967,898 1,413,446 305,757	25,846,3 2,583,3 290,5
	_	28,687,101	28,720,2
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Note 15)	\$	33,719,756	\$ 32,550,3

Commitments and contingencies - see Notes 21 and 22.

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE COUNTY

Reeve Ama

Chief Administrative Officer

Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen

WESTLOCK COUNTY Consolidated Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2016

	<u>{</u> (Budget unaudited)	2016	 2015
REVENUE				
Net municipal taxes(Schedule 3)	\$	10,793,948	\$ 10,773,075	\$ 10,815,681
User fees and sales of goods		2,292,167	1,663,166	1,998,424
Government transfers for operating		2,341,830	2,193,753	3,445,110
Investment income		147,925	118,275	148,758
Penalties and costs of taxes		137,000	190,583	162,330
Development levies		152,607	154,188	159,49 1
Licences and permits		164,900	146,225	173,740
Other	5. 70	136,259	168,319	 64,567
Total Revenue	_	16,166,636	15,407,584	 16,968,101
EXPENSES				
Legislative services		368,285	366,682	345,373
General administration services		1,894,785	1,931,089	1,805,715
Fire protection services		460,660	500,023	640,524
Enforcement services		275,586	267,494	282,498
Transportation services		7,440,270	7,329,520	7,918,821
Water services		501,020	436,335	476,634
Wastewater treatment and disposal services		142,331	149,913	147,273
Solid waste management services		554,140	480,919	435,835
Family and Community Support Services		53,818	56,119	46,390
Planning and development services		650,459	649,094	650,180
Agriculture services		719,458	636,746	609,880
Land held for resale (County Industrial Park)		3,000	5,107	202,846
Recreation services		792,733	706,857	1,147,569
Airport		122,100	94,386	104,097
Amortization expense			1,651,244	1,586,611
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		-	600,790	59,460
Write down of tangible capital assets		2 4 5	 88,460	527,499
Total Expenses		13,978,645	 15,950,778	 16,987,205
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - BEFORE OTHER	_	2,187,991	(543,194)	(19,104)
OTHER			s Shekko ina des	
Governemnt transfers for capital		2,563,333	 1,712,574	 1,824,721
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		4,751,324	1,169,380	1,805,617
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1	-	32,550,376	30,744,759
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR			\$ 33,719,756	\$ 32,550,376

WESTLOCK COUNTY

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Budget (Unaudited)	2016	2015
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ 4,751,324 \$	1,169,380	\$ 1,805,617
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Write down on disposal of tangible capital assets	(5,331,020) 687,000	(4,527,636) 600,790 1,065,588 1,651,244 88,460	(2,227,857) 59,460 71,495 1,586,611 527,499
(Allocation) use of inventory	(4,644,020)	(1,121,554) 1,169,884	17,208 (813,824)
(Allocation) use of prepaid expenses		(15,207) 1,154,677	(156,978) (970,802)
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	107,304	1,202,503	852,023
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,830,152	2,978,129
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	- \$	5,032,655	\$ 3,830,152

Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen

WESTLOCK COUNTY Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2016

		2016		2015
OPERATING				
OPERATING Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	1,169,380	\$	1,805,617
Items not affecting cash:	·	-,,	Ŧ	
Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,651,244		1,586,611
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		600,790		59,460
Write down of tangible capital assets		88,460		527,499
		3,509,874		3,979,187
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Taxes and grants in place of taxes		(187,357)		(222,545)
Inventory for consumption		1,169,884		(813,824)
Prepaid expenses		(15,207)		(156,978)
Trade and other receivables		(657,258)		67,782
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities		(1,938,606)		1,064,824
Deposit liabilities		10,400		(40,000)
Due to related parties		(200,114)		(58,118)
· ·		404,648		• • •
Deferred revenue				(766,709)
Accrued vacation payable		(61,063)		153,491
Land for resale inventory (County Industrial Park)		-		(172,428)
	<u></u>	(1,474,673)		(944,505)
Cash provided by (applied to) operating transactions		2,035,201		3,034,682
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(4,527,636)		(2,227,857)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		1,065,588		71,495
Long term investments repaid		276,724		257,263
Cash provided by (applied to) capital transactions		(3,185,324)		(1,899,099)
FINANCING				
Proceeds received from long term debt		1,644,600		-
Long term debt repaid		(1,323,083)		(1,326,545)
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions		321,517		(1,326,545)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		(828,606)		(190,962
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,269,254		9,460,216
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	8,440,648	\$	9,269,254
Cash and cash equivalents is made up of:				
•	\$	3,190,436	\$	104 264
Cash (Note 3)	ψ		Ð	104,364
Short term investments (Note 7)	-	5,250,212		9,164,890
	\$	8,440,648	\$	9,269,254
	And a second sec	And the second second	_	

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 1

	ί	Inrestricted Surplus	Operating Reserves		Capital Reserves		Equity in Tangib Capital Assets	Total 2016	Total 2015	
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	1,700,517	\$ 4,253,287	\$	3,946,272	\$	22,650,300	\$ 32,550,376	\$ 30,744,759	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenses		1,169,380	(a)		<u>81</u>		-	1,169,380	1,805,617	
Unrestricted funds designated for future use		(2,039,736)	964,866		1,074,870		-	320	1.42	
Restricted funds used for operations		79,906	(79,906)		-			÷		
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets			(295,948)		(200,000)		495,948	a .	643	
Current year funds used for tangible capital asset	s	(4,031,688)			D-		4,031,688	(w)		
Disposal/write down of tangible capital assets		1,754,838	- H		5		(1,754,838)	~		
Long term debt issued for purchases of tangible capital assets		1,644,600			<u>.</u>		(1,644,600)	1.00		
Annual amortization expense		1,651,244			-		(1,651,244)			
Long term debt repaid		(1,046,359)			12		1,046,359		-	<u>;</u>][
Change in accumulated surplus		(817,815)	589,012	÷	874,870		523,313	 1,169,380	1,805,617	
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	882,702	\$ 4,842,299	\$	4,821,142	\$	23,173,613	\$ 33,719,756	\$ 32,550,376	

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 2

	Land	Utilities Engineered Structures	Buildings	Engineered Machinery & Structures Equipment		Vehicles	Total 2016	Total 2015
COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 2,126,628	\$ 8,505,500	\$ 3,556,897	\$ 114,484,927	\$ 9,030,365	\$ 3,442,186	\$ 141,146,503	\$ 139,782,342
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Disposal of tangible capital assets Write down of tangible capital assets	21,000	365,078 -	88,460 (88,460)	1,729,273 (219,894)	2,323,825 (2,282,300)	(144,270)	4,527,636 (2,646,464) (88,460)	2,227,857 (336,197) (527,499)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	2,147,628	8,870,578	3,556,897	115,994,306	9,071,890	3,297,916	142,939,215	141,146,503
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	2,409,196	570,210	107,567,755	3,060,288	1,692,710	115,300,159	113,918,790
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on disposals	2 	365,196	68,561	440,445 (219,894)	566,896 (640,470)	210,146 (119,722)	1,651,244 (980,086)	1,586,611 (205,242)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR		2,774,392	638,771	107,788,306	2,986,714	1,783,134	115,971,317	115,300,159
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2,147,628	6,096,186	2,918,126	8,206,000	6,085,176	1,514,782	26,967,898	25,846,344
2015 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2,126,628	6,096,304	2,986,687	6,917,172	5,970,077	1,749,476	25,846,344	1

WESTLOCK COUNTY Consolidated Schedule of Property and Other Taxes Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 3)

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	Budget (Unaudited)	2016	2015
TAXATION			
Residential & farmland levies Non residential levy	\$ 8,145,538 5,870,693	\$ 8,124,234 5,871,124	\$ 8,046,373 5,902,887
	14,016,231	13,995,358	13,949,260
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Westlock Foundation (senior lodging)	2,677,596 544,687	2,677,596 544,687	2,539,002 594,577
	3,222,283	3,222,283	3,133,579
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	<u>\$ 10,793,948</u>	\$ 10,773,075	\$ 10,815,681

WESTLOCK COUNTY Schedule of Consolidated Expenses by Object

(Schedule 4)

1,	2016	
	1,	1, 2016

	(Budget Unaudited)	2016	2015
CONSOLIDATED EXPENSES BY OBJECT				
Salaries & wages Contract & general services Goods & supplies Provision for allowance Transfers to local boards/governments Bank charges and short-term interest Interest on long term debt Amortization expense Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Write down of tangible capital assets	\$	5,098,977 3,754,099 3,977,217 911,300 7,200 229,852	\$ 5,124,908 2,519,482 4,873,894 80,510 905,631 17,332 88,527 1,651,244 600,790 88,460	\$ 4,976,983 3,387,171 5,425,373 42,120 855,812 17,314 108,862 1,586,611 59,460 527,499
	\$	13,978,645	\$ 15,950,778	\$ 16,987,205

Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 SCHEDULE 5

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	General F Government	ire/Enforcement Services	Transportation Ser & Airport	vicesWater, Wastewater & Waste Management	Planning & Development	Agricultural Development Services	Recreation & Other	Total
REVENUE: Net municipal taxes \$ User fees and sales of goods Government transfers for operating Investment income Penalties on taxes and development levies Liscenses and other income	10,773,075 98,359 227,680 118,275 190,583 46,388 11,454,360	\$ 172,010 7,200 - 415 179,625	\$ 671,490 1,788,279 3,503 2,463,272	\$ = \$ 570,361 116,737 23,387 710,485	8,483 37,451 233,656 279,590	\$ \$ 16,170 170,594 - - 7,195 193,959	126,293	\$ 10,773,075 1,663,166 2,193,753 118,275 344,771 314,544 15,407,584
EXPENSES: Salaries & wages Contract & General Services Goods & supplies Provision for allowance Transfers to local boards/governments Interest	1,389,995 486,773 323,160 80,510 - 17,332	214,864 176,979 297,924 77,750	2,560,553 1,146,785 3,661,038 55,531	366,595 232,522 274,110 193,939	281,177 273,089 29,007 - 70,928	309,230 110,956 210,561 6,000	2,494 92,378 78,094 557,014 32,996	5,124,908 2,519,482 4,873,894 80,510 905,631 105,859
	2,297,770 9,156,590	767,517 (587,892)	7,423,907	1,067,166	654,201	636,747	762,976	13,610,284
CAPITAL INCOME (EXPENSE): Government transfers for capital (Loss/write down)on disposal of capital assets	(3,230)		1,456,166 (597,560) 858,606	256,408			(88,460)	1,712,574 (689,250) 1,023,324
Amortization expense	25,060	117,405	973,671	377,764	39,774	9,102	108,468	1,651,244
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	9,128,300	(705,297)	(5,075,700)	(478,037)	(414,385)	(451,890)	(833,611)	1,169,380
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES 2015	9,221,630	(878,139)	(3,964,772)	(512,104)	(469,531)	(445,397)	(1,146,070)	1,805,617

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of Westlock County ("the County") are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the County are as follows:

a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations of the County and the Westlock Municipal Airport and are, therefore, accountable to the County Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Financial instruments policy

Initial and subsequent measurement

The County initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Subsequent measurement of all financial assets and liabilities is at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in net income in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, cash held in trust, taxes and grants in place of taxes, trade and other receivables, and loans receivable from community organizations.

Financial assets measured at fair value are short term investments.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit and trust liabilities, due to related parties, accrued wages payable, and long-term debt.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in net income in the period incurred. Transactions costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the original cost of the assets or liability and recognized in net income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the company determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the County determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. the amount of the reversal is recognized in net income. Financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Land Inventory Held for Resale (County Industrial Park, Westlock Municipal Airport)

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services and roads are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

f) Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

g) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water, or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. the liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

h) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of funding from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

i. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land		non-depreciable
Utility Engineering Structures	10 to 75 years	straight-line method
Buildings	50 years	straight-line method
Engineered Structures	10 to 30 years	straight-line method
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 30 years	straight-line method
Vehicles	5 to 25 years	straight-line method

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

iii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

iv. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption consist of gravel and equipment parts & chemical. Inventories held for consumption are are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on an a first-in, first-out basis.

j) Impairment of long lived assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The County is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the County's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2016.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The County is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the County utilizes sound collection policies. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The County has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The County is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources, long-term debt, and accounts payable.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the County is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

3. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

Council has designated funds of \$184,591 (2015 - \$186,168) for future recreation projects.

4. CASH HELD IN TRUST

Cash held in trust consists of the excess of proceeds received over property taxes and applicable penalties owed on those properties sold for tax recovery. the Municipal Government Act requires that unpaid excess funds be held for a minimum period of ten years before the County can use the funds for its own purposes.

5. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

		2016	 2015
Taxes Receivable -Tax Taxes Receivable - Arrears	\$	795,867 416,284	\$ 671,780 291,215
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	1,212,151 (207,340)	962,995 (145,541)
	\$	1,004,811	\$ 817,454

Taxes receivable will be recovered either through collection of outstanding amounts from the ratepayer or as forfeiture procedures.

Allowance for doubtful accounts represents taxes receivable on linear assessments that are in arrears and cannot be recovered through tax forfeiture procedures.

6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	<u></u>	2016	 2015
Other receivables Provincial and federal grants receivable	\$	556,444 1,431,437	\$ 727,507 603,116
	\$	1,987,881	\$ 1,330,623

Included in other receivables is a long term receivable of \$134,036 (2015 - \$144,301) relating to the Dapp Utility Infrastructure Project that will be recovered over a 20 year period. Of this amount, it is estimated that \$10,407 (2016 - \$9,420) will be recovered in 2017.

December 31, 2016

7. INVESTMENTS

	2016	2015
Loan receivable from the Westlock Foundation, effective interest rate at 3.411%	\$ 6,546,558	\$ 6,771,734
Term deposit maturing July 2017 (June 2014), effective interest rate 2.05% (2013-1.55%)	5,250,212	5,147,712
Loan receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., effective interest rate at 3.586%	252,069	268,618
Loan receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., effective interest rate at 2.226% Term deposit maturing July 2016 (July 2015), effective	156,586	180,720
interest rate at 0.95% (2014-1.47%) Term deposit maturing July 2016, effective interest rate at	-	3,012,884
0.95%		1,004,294
	\$ 12,205,425	\$ 16,385,962

In 2011, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of the Westlock Foundation so that the Foundation could finance the expansion of the Pembina Lodge. The loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$227,128, including interest, and will be extinguished in September 2036.

In 2012, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. to finance the expansion of the Co-op's plant. The \$250,000 loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$14,012 including interest and will be extinguished in September 2028.

In 2013, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. to finance the expansion of the Co-op's plant. The \$300,000 loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$13,017 including interest, and will be extinguished in September 2028.

Amounts as indicated above include accrued interest to December 31, 2016.

Council has approved total loans to the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. of \$1,200,000.

8. CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY

The County has adopted PS3260 Liability for Contaminated Sites.

The County owns a property where there was once a landfill. It has been determined by the engineering firm that monitors the site that higher than acceptable levels leachate (chloride) migration is an issue. If left unattended, there is a potential for the leachate to get into the underground water that flows through the site.

To resolve the issue, the County plans to install a system to capture the water in the affected area and pump it out on a regular basis. The estimated cost to install the system is \$30,000. This liability has been included in the financial statements. The County plans to install the system during the 2017 fiscal year.

DEFERRED REVENUE

9.

	 2016	 2015
Provincial transfers - Transportation Services Provincial transfers - Administrative Services Provincial transfers - Fire Services Provincial transfers - Athabasca Landing Trail Provincial transfers - Recreation Services Prepaid rent and rent deposits	\$ 2,176,507 152,245 10,800 1,840 1,512 11,424	\$ 1,692,410 242,494 1,840 1,512 11,424
	\$ 2,354,328	\$ 1,949,680

Transportation Services

\$903,432 (2015 -\$540,089) of Federal Gas Tax grants and \$1,248,644 (2015 - \$1,014,225) of Municipal Sustainability Initiative funding was not spent during the fiscal year, and will be deferred for future capital projects. In addition, \$0 (2015 - \$113,665) of Provincial Government grants related to bridge projects, and \$24,431 (2015 - \$24,431) of Hamlet Streets Improvement Grant funding was unspent in 2016, and will be utilized for capital projects in future years.

Administrative Services

\$141,084 (2015-\$228,301) of the \$250,000 Provincial Government grant for regional collaboration was unspent in 2016 and has been deferred to a future year.

In 2008, the County received \$26,633 from the Provincial Government to fund the Tangible Capital Asset Project and related implementation expenses. A portion of those funds were used in 2009, and the balance will be utilized for future Tangible Capital Asset updates.

Athabasca Landing Trail

In 2011, the County received \$50,000 from the Province of Alberta to develop the Athabasca Landing Trail. \$48,160 was spent in 2015, and the remaining balance is expected to be spent in 2017.

Recreation Services

In 2008, the County received \$85,983 from the Municipal Sponsorship program for upgrades to the Tawatinaw Valley Ski Hill. In 2012, \$84,471 of the program funds were utilized to build a Superpipe, leaving \$1,512 to be utilized in future years.

10. ACCRUED WAGES PAYABLE

Regular wages payable Vacation and overtime Severance amounts	\$ 94,002 60,428 31,004	\$ 99,497 62,000 85,000
	\$ 185,434	\$ 246,497

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

11. LONG TERM DEBT

	2016	2015
Debenture debt supported by long term investment receivable from the Westlock Foundation, secured by a mortgage on the Pembina Supportive Housing building.	\$ 6,546,558	\$ 6,771,734
Debenture debt supported by general municipal levies.	3,794,285	3,196,044
Debenture debt supported by long term investment receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., secured by a mortgage on the Co-op's buildings.	408,655	449,338
	\$ 10,749,498	\$ 10 <u>,</u> 417 <u>,</u> 116

The current portion of the long term debt amounts to \$1,223,330 (2015 - \$1,326,545).

Principal and interest repayment terms are as follows:

	Princi	pal	Interest		Interest Tota		Total
2017	\$ 1,22	23,330 \$	322,044	\$	1,545,374		
2018	98	35,832	294,638		1,280,470		
2019	83	37,310	270,312		1,107,622		
2020	85	59,844	247,777		1,107,621		
2021	82	29,301	224,514		1,053,815		
Thereafter	6,01	3,881	1,565,940	0 -0 -	7,579,821		
	<u>\$ 10,74</u>	9 <u>,498</u>	2,925,225	<u>\$</u>	13 <u>,674,7</u> 23		

Debenture debt excluding the capital lease is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 1.238% to 5.66% per annum and matures in periods 2017 through 2036.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the County at large.

Of the total principal and interest payments for 2017, \$232,922 (2016 - \$225,176) of principal and \$221,334 (2016 - \$229,080) of interest will be recovered from the Westlock Foundation, as those amounts relate to debenture debt borrowed by Westlock County on behalf of the Foundation.

Of the total principal and interest payments for 2017, \$41,822 (2016 - \$40,683) of principal and \$12,236 (2016 - \$13,375) of interest will be recovered from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., as those amounts relate to the debenture debt borrowed by Westlock County on behalf of the Co-op.

Westlock County has committed to total borrowings of \$1,200,000 on behalf of the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. for the Co-op to expand their facilities.

December 31, 2016

12.	NVENTORY FOR CONSUMPTION				
			2016		2015
	Gravel (2016 - 181,864 tonnes, 2015 - 195,023 tonnes)	\$	974,874	\$	2,221,724
	Equipment parts & chemical		438,572		361,606
		\$	1,413,446	\$	2,583,330

140,000 tonnes of gravel on hand at December 31, 2016 was held in the locations of those companies Westlock County contracted with to purchase the gravel. Additional costs for removing the gravel from those sites will be incurred when the gravel is moved.

13. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for Westlock County be disclosed as follows:

	2016	2015
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 23,111,376 10,814,628	\$ 25,452,152 10,493,111
Amount of debt limit unused	12,296,748	14,959,041
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	3,851,896 <u>1,545,</u> 374	4,242,025 1,589,391
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 2,306,522	\$ 2,652,634

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

14. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2016	2015
Tangible capital assets (<i>Schedule 2</i>) Accumulated amortization(<i>Schedule 2</i>) Long term debt (<i>Note 11</i>)	\$142,939,215 (115,971,317) (3,794,285)	\$141,146,503 (115,300,159) (3,196,044)
	\$ 23,173,613	\$ 22,650 <u>,</u> 300_

15. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2016	2015
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus	\$ 882,702	\$ 1,700,517
Operating Reserves Capital Reserves	4,842,299 4,821,142	4,253,287 3,946,272
Equity in tangible capital assets	23,173,613	22,650,300
	\$ 33,719,756	\$ 32,550,376

16. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL

Of the \$1,712,574 government transfers for capital, \$0 (2015 - \$300,302) are Federal capital grants, \$1,659,466 (2015 - \$1,524,419) are Provincial capital grants, and \$53,108 (2015 - \$0) are grants from other municipalities.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the County's related party transactions:

	2016			2015	
Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission Landfill usage expense Administration fee revenue Other revenue (hired services and repairs)		(229,048) 18,000 30,094	\$	(208,602) 18,000 64,602	
	<u></u>	(180,954)		(126,000)	
Westlock Regional Water Services Commission Water usage fees	\$	(95,148)	\$	(95,674)	
Amounts due from (to) related parties Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission Westlock Regional Water Services Commission	\$	24,378 <u>(</u> 8,149 <u>)</u>	\$	(275,467) (15,110)	
Due from (to) related parties		16,229		(290,577)	

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

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18. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

Westlock County provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 5).

19. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Co	Salary/ htract fees ¹	 Benefits & allowances ²	 2016 Total	 2015 Total
Councillors:					
Division 1	\$	37,135	\$ 4,834	\$ 41,969	\$ 40,605
Division 2	-	37,135	5,927	43,062	41,692
Division 3		35,563	5,490	41,053	40,112
Division 4		39,320	4,907	44,227	43,651
Division 5		38,663	4,885	43,548	40,605
Division 6		37,135	4,834	41,969	40,583
Division 7		37,135	5,927	43,062	41,051
Chief Administrative Officer, 3.		56,454	9,274	65,728	210,270
Chief Administrative Officer Chief Administrative Officer		54,769	5,637	60,406	2
Contractor		47,320	2	47,320	~
Chief Administrative Officer	-	45,769	13,868	59,637	
	\$	466,398	\$ 65,583	\$ 531,981	\$ 498,569

- 1. Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.
- 3. An automobile is provided and no amount is included in the benefits and allowances figure.

20. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the County participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The County is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% of pensionable earnings up the the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the County to the LAPP in 2016 were \$353,083 (2015 - \$303,454). Total current service contributions by the employees of the County to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2016 were \$324,962 (2015 - \$279,172).

At December 31, 2015, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$923 million.

In 2012 management consulted the Local Authorities Pension Plan regarding the actuarial deficiency, and to date has not received any formal correspondence regarding the plan to manage the deficiency. Information that is available to the public notes that the Board is consulting with stakeholders including members, employers, unions, associations and government to get some feedback on the best way to move forward. No decisions have been made on how benefits might change in the future to ensure a more equitable sharing of risks and costs between plan participants, but equity is one of the principles the LAPP Board is considering as a part of its sustainability planning.

21. COMMITMENTS

Westlock County has a commitment to remediate the main gravel pit it utilized for gravel extraction once the pit has been utilized to its full capacity. The timeline for the pit to be utilized is uncertain. Westlock County estimates remediation costs to be approximately \$100,000. This amount has not been accrued in the financial statements given the amount and timeline is uncertain. Westlock County Council has set aside \$75,000 in reserves to fund the costs of remediation.

22. CONTINGENCIES

Westlock County is a member of the Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission. Under the terms of this agreement, the County is liable for its proportionate share of closure and postclosure costs associated with the landfill. At December 31, 2016, the Waste Management Commission had accrued \$63,368 (2015-\$55,368) for its post closure liability, and had put aside \$63,000 (2015-\$27,906) in term deposits to fund the liability.

The County has access to a bank line of credit with a limit of \$3,000,000 and a MasterCard with a \$50,000 limit. In addition, designated Westlock County staff have access to the use of UFA fuel cards which are under AAMD&C, hence there is no credit limit.

Westlock County is currently subject to a claim from a construction company in the amount of \$106,141. The liability and final quantum is indeterminate at the time the financial statements were issued. No amount for the contingent liability has been recorded in the financial statements.

23. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.

Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen