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Shoemaker, Viney & Friesen

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

John S. Shoemaker Professional Corporation

Tina J. Viney Professional Corporation

Timothy J. Friesen Professional Corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council of Westlock County

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Westlock County, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018, and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Westlock County as at December 31, 2018, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher then for the one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Debt Limit Regulation: In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the municipality is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Entity's debt limit can be found in Note 13.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Tina Viney, CA.

Westlock, Alberta April 23, 2019

Sheemaker

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

WESTLOCK COUNTY Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2018

i and a second se	2018	2017
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash (Note 3) Cash held in trust (Note 4) Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (Note 5) Trade and other receivables (Note 6) Accrued interest receivable on loans from community organizations Land for resale inventory (County Industrial Park and Airport lots) Short term investments (Note 7) Loans receivable from community organizations (Note 7)	\$ 1,078,039 26,394 687,318 2,274,773 63,668 791,657 9,073,867 <u>6,396,541</u> <u>20,392,257</u>	\$ 159,914 27,947 689,965 2,601,149 66,424 964,035 9,057,836 6,680,470 20,247,740
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities Deposit liabilities Trust liabilities (<i>Note 4</i>) Due to related parties Deferred revenue (<i>Note 9</i>) Accrued wages payable (<i>Note 10</i>) Accrued interest payable Long term debt (<i>Note 11</i>) Long term debt held on behalf of community organizations (<i>Note 11</i>)	1,122,614 37,056 26,394 194,887 1,960,281 253,283 73,894 3,290,154 <u>6,396,541</u> <u>13,355,104</u>	716,103 54,055 27,947 219,913 1,996,733 210,680 78,919 4,210,340 <u>6,680,470</u> 14,195,160
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	7,037,153	6,052,580
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Tangible capital assets <i>(Schedule 2)</i> Inventory for consumption <i>(Note 12)</i> Prepaid expenses	30,035,479 1,356,219 <u>423,605</u>	29,390,060 1,233,314 341,909
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1) (Note 15)	<u>31,815,303</u> <u>\$38,852,456</u>	30,965,283 \$ 37,017,863

Commitments and contingencies - see Notes 21 and 22.

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE COUNTY

Original signed and on file

Reeve

Original signed and on file

Chief Administrative Officer

WESTLOCK COUNTY Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2018

REVENUE Net municipal taxes(Schedule 3) Government transfers for operating User fees and sales of goods Penalties and costs of taxes Investment income Other Licences and permits Development levies	\$	11,059,094 2,443,494 1,879,386 201,500 123,200	\$ 11,067,610 2,580,183 2,317,979 260,671 182,178	\$	10,585,113 1,697,374
Net municipal taxes <i>(Schedule 3)</i> Government transfers for operating User fees and sales of goods Penalties and costs of taxes Investment income Other Licences and permits	\$	2,443,494 1,879,386 201,500 123,200	2,580,183 2,317,979 260,671	\$	
Government transfers for operating User fees and sales of goods Penalties and costs of taxes Investment income Other Licences and permits	·	2,443,494 1,879,386 201,500 123,200	2,580,183 2,317,979 260,671	¥	
User fees and sales of goods Penalties and costs of taxes Investment income Other Licences and permits		1,879,386 201,500 123,200	2,317,979 260,671		1,007,074
Penalties and costs of taxes Investment income Other Licences and permits		201,500 123,200	260,671		1,771,645
Investment income Other Licences and permits		123,200	,		196,357
Other Licences and permits					141,205
Licences and permits		129,555	163,341		178,171
		159,235	143,792		172,667
		34,120	39,406		153,464
Total Revenue		16,029,584	16,755,160		14,895,996
EXPENSES					
Legislative services		508,034	411,710		384,826
General administration services		1,765,468	1,523,341		1,509,394
Bad debt expense on net municipal taxes		-	850,200		200,234
Fire protection services		539,292	691,306		494,821
Enforcement services		151,238	146,455		177,791
Transportation services		8,181,951	7,731,447		5,636,699
Water services		549,366	488,927		443,488
		136,956	109,232		103,097
Wastewater treatment and disposal services			506,380		
Solid waste management services Family and Community Support Services		635,271 55,220	56,319		461,056
			495,536		55,200 627 174
Planning and development services		557,530	678,053		627,174
Agriculture services		736,324 15,836	180,557		636,311
Land held for resale (County Industrial Park) Recreation services		931,039	940,570		36,957 726,826
			189,845		
Airport		169,760 1,691,323	1,691,323		144,010
Amortization expense		1,091,323	(54,225)		1,622,356
(Gain) Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets			(04,220)		423,038
Total Expenses		16,624,608	16,636,976		13,683,278
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES - BEFORE OTHER		(595,024)	118,184		1,212,718
CAPITAL REVENUE					
Government transfers for capital		4,027,941	1,655,605		1,846,509
Contributions for tangible capital assets		42,000	60,804		238,880
		4,069,941	1,716,409		2,085,389
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		3,474,917	1,834,593		3,298,107
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR			37,017,863		33,719,756
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR			\$ 38,852,456		

WESTLOCK COUNTY Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget (Unaudited)	2018	2017
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$ 3,474,917 \$	1,834,593	\$ 3,298,107
Acquisition of tangible capital assets (Gain) Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(5,372,208) - 79,000	(2,415,072) (54,225) 132,555 1,691,323	(5,168,220) 423,038 700,664 1,622,356
	(5,293,208)	(645,419)	(2,422,162)
(Allocation) use of inventory (Allocation) use of prepaid expenses		(122,905) (81,696)	180,132 (36,152)
	#	(204,601)	143,980
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	(1,818,291)	984,573	1,019,925
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,052,580	6,052,580	5,032,655
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	4,234,289 \$	7,037,153	\$ 6,052,580

WESTLOCK COUNTY Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2018

		2018		2017
OPERATING				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	1,834,593	\$	3,298,107
Items not affecting cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets		1,691,323		1 600 050
(Gain) Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		(54,225)		1,622,356 423,038
Contribution of tangible capital assets	_	(58,800)		(238,880)
		3,412,891		5,104,621
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Taxes and grants in place of taxes		2,647		314,846
Trade and other receivables		326,376		(613,268)
Accrued Interest receivable on loans from community organizations		2,756		(1,294)
Land for resale inventory (Airport lots)		172,378		6,675
Accounts payable & accrued liabilities		406,511		(213,893)
Deposit liabilities		(16,999)		11,999
Due to related parties		(25,026)		154,617
Deferred revenue		(36,452)		(357,595)
Accrued wages payable		42,603		25,246
Accrued interest payable		(5,025)		13,789
Inventory for consumption		(122,905)		180,132
Prepaid expenses		(81,696)		(36,152)
		634,834		(514,898)
Cash provided by (applied to) operating transactions		4,078,059		4,589,723
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(2,356,272)		(4,929,340)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		132,555		700,664
Long term investments repaid		283,929		274,743
Cash provided by (applied to) capital transactions		(1,939,788)		(3,953,933)
Proceeds received from long term debt		-		1,460,000
Long term debt repaid		(1,204,115)		(1,318,688)
Cash provided by (applied to) financing transactions		(1,204,115)		141,312
let change in cash and cash equivalents during the year		934,156		777,102
ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		9,217,750		8,440,648
ASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	10,151,906	\$	9,217,750
ash and cash equivalents is made up of:	¢	4 070 000		
Cash (Note 3) Short term investments (Note 7)	\$	1,078,039 9,073,867	\$	159,914 9,057,836
	\$	10,151,906	\$	9,217,750
	<u>*</u>		Ψ	0,211,100

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 SCHEDULE 1

	U	Inrestricted Surplus	Operating Reserves	Capital Reserves	E	Equity in Tangib Capital Asse i		Total 2018	 Total 2017	
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	867,274	\$ 6,024,149	\$ 4,946,720	\$	25,179,720	\$	37,017,863	\$ 33,719,756	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenses		1,834,593		2		Ę		1,834,593	3,298,107	
Unrestricted funds designated for future use		(1,365,180)	347,617	1,017,563		-		<u> </u>	43	
Restricted funds used for operations		542,625	(497,393)	(45,232)				*	14 S	
Funds used for tangible capital assets		(1,791,790)	(113,587)	(509,695)		2,415,072		5	350	
Disposal of tangible capital assets		8,663	-	69,667		(78,330)		-	-	
Restricted fund transfers		-	(1,188,761)	1,188,761		-		<u>е</u>	14 ¹	
Annual amortization expense		1,691,323	-			(1,691,323)		-	-	
Long term debt repaid		(920,186)	 	 		920,186	_		 -	
Change in accumulated surplus		48	(1,452,124)	 1,721,064		1,565,605		1,834,593	 3,298,107	
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	867,322	\$ 4,572,025	\$ 6,667,784	\$	26,745,325	\$	38,852,456	\$ 37,017,863	

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 SCHEDULE 2

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	Land	Utilities Engineered Structures	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery & Equipment	Vehicles	Total 2018	Total 2017
COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR \$	2,192,928	\$ 9,293,304 \$	4,296,113	\$ 117,567,265	\$ 9,613,176	\$ 3,274,579	\$ 146,237,365	\$ 142,939,215
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Contributed assets Disposal of tangible capital assets	- - -	183,986 - -	- -	1,311,052 - -	243,243 (93,287)	617,991 58,800 (179,268)	2,356,272 58,800 (272,555)	4,929,340 238,880 (1,870,070)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	2,192,928	9,477,290	4,296,113	118,878,317	9,821,932	3,713,302	148,379,882	146,237,365
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	3,155,319	714,725	108,131,861	3,042,659	1,802,741	116,847,305	115,971,317
Annual amortization Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	392,590	83,346	500,715 -	542,432 (34,741)	172,240 (159,484)	1,691,323 (194,225)	1,622,357 (746,369)
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	_	3,547,909	798,071	108,632,576	3,550,350	1,815,497	118,344,403	116,847,305
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2,192,928	5,929,381	3,498,042	10,245,741	6,271,582	1,897,805	30,035,479	29,390,060
2017 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2,192,928	6,137,985	3,581,388	9,435,404	6,570,517	1,471,838	29,390,060	

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WESTLOCK COUNTY Schedule of Property and Other Taxes

\$

(Schedule 3)

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget (Unaudited)	2018	2017
TAXATION			
Residential & farmland property taxes Linear property taxes Industrial property taxes Alberta School Foundation Levy Homeland Housing (senior lodging) levy Designated property levy	\$ 6,350,668 3,136,218 1,572,208 2,669,170 528,346	3,317,963 1,550,581 2,737,733 536,550 5,045	\$ 5,909,085 3,137,828 1,542,647 2,665,471 527,606
	14,256,610	14,347,195	13,782,637
REQUISITIONS			
Alberta School Foundation Homeland housing (senior lodging) Designated property requisition	2,669,170 528,346 	2,737,928 536,641 5,016	2,669,178 528,346
	3,197,516	3,279,585	3,197,524
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$ 11,059,094	\$ 11,067,610	\$ 10,585,113

WESTLOCK COUNTY Schedule of Consolidated Expenses by Object

(Schedule 4)

Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Budget (Unaudite		2017
EXPENSES BY OBJECT			
Salaries & wages Goods & supplies Contract & general services Provision for allowance Transfers to local boards/governments Interest on long term debt Bank charges and short-term interest Amortization expense (Gain) Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$ 5,297,0 4,969,6 3,857,4 2,0 689,6 98,3 15,2	5544,865,1074273,419,551500854,078546774,92652695,632	 \$ 4,599,941 4,088,736 1,735,110 212,626 877,518 109,187 14,762 1,622,356 423,038
	\$ 14,929,2	85 \$ 16,636,976	\$ 13,683,274

WESTLOCK COUNTY SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 SCHEDULE 5

	General Government	Fire/E	nforcement Services	Tr	ransportation Serv & Airport		ter, Wastewate ste Managemei	Planning & Development	De	Agricultural velopment Services		Recreation & Other		Total
REVENUE: Net municipal taxes \$	11,067,610	\$		\$		\$	e <u>≥</u> e	\$	\$	- \$			1123	\$ 11,067,610
User fees and sales of goods	59,685		133,329		922,197		712,545	350,126		30,815		109,282		2,317,979
Government transfers for operating	246,306		33,523		2,130,363		370	277.0		169,991		-		2,580,183
Investment income Penalties on taxes	182,178		5		-			-		-				182,178
	260,671 54,198		- 683		2,036			288,874		- 100		648		260,671 346,539
Levies, liscenses, permits, and other	54,190		003	-	2,030	in pingingi		 200,074		100		040		340,539
	11,870,648		167,535		3,054,596		712,545	 639,000		200,906		109,930		16,755,160
EXPENSES:														
Salaries & wages	1,155,745		225,010		2,491,836		437,708	292,006		334,571		36,100		4,972,976
Contract & General Services	417,016		228,176		1,949,760		432,645	131,694		83,726		176,534		3,419,551
Goods & supplies	355,429		302,345		3,416,861		230,014	252,394		253,755		54,309		4,865,107
Provision for allowance	850,200		-		-		3,878	2.00				=		854,078
Transfers to local boards/governments	2 <u>-</u> 2		68,435		-		-	ा त ।		6,000		700,491		774,926
Interest	6,861		13,796		62,834		295			(127)	100	29,454	11.5	113,240
_	2,785,251		837,762		7,921,291		1,104,540	 676,094		678,052		996,888		14,999,878
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS	9,085,397		(670,227)		(4,866,695)		(391,995)	(37,094)		(477,146)		(886,958)	1. mar. 1. mar	1,755,282
CAPITAL INCOME (EXPENSE):														
Government transfers for capital/contributed assets	-		425,932		1,290,477		-	÷		31 -		-		1,716,409
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(1,173)		56,857		(4,037)		2,578			-		-		54,225
_	(1,173)		482,789		1,286,440		2,578	-				-		1,770,634
Amortization expense	35,648		104,197		992,004		407,203	16,838		24,462		110,971		1,691,323
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	9,048,576		(291,635)		(4,572,259)		(796,620)	(53,932)		(501,608)		(997,929)		1,834,593
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES 2017	9,146,545		(461,817)		(3,291,925)		(469,476)	(378,850)		(464,961)		(781,409)		3,298,107

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of Westlock County ("the County") are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the County are as follows:

a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations of the County and the Westlock Municipal Airport and are, therefore, accountable to the County Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

c) Financial instruments policy

Initial and subsequent measurement

The County initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Subsequent measurement of all financial assets and liabilities is at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in the fair value of these financial instruments are recognized in net income in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include cash, cash held in trust, taxes and grants in place of taxes, trade and other receivables, and loans receivable from community organizations.

Financial assets measured at fair value are short term investments.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost on a straight-line basis include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit and trust liabilities, due to related parties, accrued wages payable, and long-term debt.

Transaction costs

Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in net income in the period incurred. Transactions costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the original cost of the assets or liability and recognized in net income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the County determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the County determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income. Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Land Inventory Held for Resale (County Industrial Park, Westlock Municipal Airport)

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and wastewater services and roads are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

f) Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

g) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water, or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

h) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of funding from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

i) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

i. Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

Land		non-depreciable
Utility Engineering Structures	10 to 75 years	straight-line method
Buildings	50 years	straight-line method
Engineered Structures	10 to 30 years	straight-line method
Machinery & Equipment	5 to 30 years	straight-line method
Vehicles	5 to 25 years	straight-line method

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii. Contributions of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

iii. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

iv. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption consist of gravel, equipment parts and chemical. Inventories held for consumption are are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value with the cost being determined on an an average cost basis.

j) Impairment of long lived assets

Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets subject to amortization are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The County is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the County's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2018.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The County is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the County utilizes sound collection policies. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The County has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The County is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources, long-term debt, and accounts payable.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the County is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

3. CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

Council has designated funds of \$204,393 (2017 - \$203,648) for future recreation projects.

4. CASH HELD IN TRUST

Cash held in trust consists of the excess of proceeds received over property taxes and applicable penalties owed on those properties sold for tax recovery. The Municipal Government Act requires that unpaid excess funds be held for a minimum period of ten years before the County can use the funds for its own purposes.

5. TAXES AND GRANTS IN PLACE OF TAXES RECEIVABLE

		2018	 2017
Taxes Receivable -Tax Taxes Receivable - Arrears	\$	1,236,772 450,546	\$ 579,900 259,865
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	1,687,318 (1,000,000)	 839,765 (149,800)
	<u>\$</u>	687,318	\$ 689,965

Taxes receivable will be recovered either through collection of outstanding amounts from the ratepayer or as forfeiture procedures.

Allowance for doubtful accounts represents taxes receivable on linear assessments that are in arrears or for which the entity has gone bankrupt or is no longer in existence and cannot be recovered through tax forfeiture procedures.

6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2018	2017
Provincial and federal grants receivable Other receivables	\$	1,747,971 526,802	\$ 2,050,882 550,267
	<u>\$</u>	2,274,773	\$ 2,601,149

Included in other receivables is a long term receivable of \$113,474 (2017 - \$124,231) relating to the Dapp Utility Infrastructure Project that will be recovered over a 20 year period. Of this amount, it is estimated that \$9,420 (2018 - \$6,120) will be recovered in 2019.

7. INVESTMENTS

		 2018	 2017
(Jul	deposits maturing August 2019 and October 2019 ly 2018), effective interest rates at 2.69% and 2.85%		
•	17-prime minus 2.1% and 1.8%) receivable from Homeland Housing, effective interest	\$ 7,057,388	\$ 9,057,836
rate	e at 3.411%	6,072,701	6,313,636
at l	it account with no maturity date, effective interest rate December 31, 2018 of 2.69%. Requires 30 days ice for funds to be withdrawn	2,016,479	122
Loan r	receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op		-
	, effective interest rate at 3.586% receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op	217,156	234,923
	, effective interest rate at 2.226%	106,684	 131,911
		\$ 15,470,408	\$ 15,738,306

In 2011, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of Homeland Housing (previously Westlock Foundation) to finance the expansion of the Pembina Lodge. The loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$227,128, including interest, and will be extinguished in September 2036.

In 2012, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. to finance the expansion of the Co-op's plant. The \$250,000 loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$14,012 including interest and will be extinguished in September 2028.

In 2013, the County borrowed funds from Alberta Capital Finance Authority on behalf of Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd. to finance the expansion of the Co-op's plant. The \$300,000 loan receivable is repayable to the County in semi-annual payments of \$13,017 including interest, and will be extinguished in September 2028.

Term deposits as indicated above include accrued interest to December 31, 2018. Accrued interest on loans receivable is reported as a separate asset on the statement of financial position.

8. CONTAMINATED SITES LIABILITY

The County has adopted PS3260 Liability for Contaminated Sites.

The County owns a property where there was once a landfill. It has been determined by the engineering firm that monitors the site that higher than acceptable levels leachate (chloride) migration is an issue. If left unattended, there is a potential for the leachate to get into the underground water that flows through the site.

To resolve the issue, in 2017 the County installed a system to capture the water in the affected area and pump it out on a regular basis. Continued monitoring is being performed to ensure that the system is working properly to remove any excess underground water to mitigate any leachate (chloride) migration issue.

9. DEFERRED REVENUE

	 2018	 2017
Provincial transfers - Transportation Services Provincial transfers - Administrative Services Provincial transfer - Fire Services Prepaid rent and rent deposits Provincial transfers - Athabasca Landing Trail Provincial transfers - Recreation Services	\$ 1,913,551 23,253 14,000 6,125 1,840 1,512	\$ 1,933,456 43,755 - 16,170 1,840 1,512
	\$ 1,960,281	\$ 1,996,733

Transportation Services

\$125,094 (2017-\$585,399) of Federal Gas Tax grants and \$1,764,025 (2017 - \$1,323,625) of Municipal Sustainability Initiative funding was not spent during the fiscal year, and will be deferred for future capital projects. In addition, \$24,431 (2017 - \$24,431) of Hamlet Streets Improvement Grant funding was unspent in 2018, and will be utilized for capital projects in future years.

Administrative Services

\$18,476 (2017-\$35,731) of the \$250,000 Provincial Government grant for regional collaboration was unspent in 2018 and has been deferred to a future year.

\$4,777 (2017-\$8,024) of a Provincial Government grant to fund the Tangible Capital Asset Project and related implementation expenses remains unutilized at the end of 2018.

Fire Services

Provincial Fire Services grant of \$14,000 is to be utilized for regional fire services training.

Athabasca Landing Trail

In 2011, the County received \$50,000 from the Province of Alberta to develop the Athabasca Landing Trail. \$48,160 was spent in 2015, and the remaining balance is being carried forward to utilize in a future year.

Recreation Services

In 2008, the County received \$85,983 from the Municipal Sponsorship program for upgrades to the Tawatinaw Valley Ski Hill. In 2012, \$84,471 of the program funds were utilized to build a Superpipe, leaving \$1,512 to be utilized in future years.

10. ACCRUED WAGES PAYABLE

Regular wages payable Vacation and overtime	\$ 172,775 80,508	\$ 145,334 65,346
	\$ 253,283	\$ 210,680

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of the vacation and overtime that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

11. LONG TERM DEBT

•		 2018	 2017
	Debenture debt supported by long term investment receivable from Homeland Housing, secured by a mortgage on the Pembina Supportive Housing building.	\$ 6,072,701	\$ 6,313,636
	Debenture debt supported by general municipal levies.	3,290,154	4,210,340
	Debenture debt supported by long term investment receivable from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., secured by a mortgage on the Co-op's buildings.	 323,840	 366,834
	·	\$ 9,686,695	\$ 10,890,810

The current portion of the long term debt amounts to \$1,059,579 (2017 - \$1,204,115).

Principal and interest repayment terms are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Thereafter	<pre>\$ 1,059,579 1,086,176 1,059,774 693,821 583,461 5,203,884</pre>	\$ 294,398 267,801 240,396 214,091 192,853 1,094,657	<pre>\$ 1,353,977 1,353,977 1,300,170 907,912 776,314 6,298,541</pre>
	<u>\$ 9,686,695</u>	<u>\$ 2,304,196</u>	<u>\$ 11,990,891</u>

Debenture debt is repayable to the Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates ranging from 1.238% to 5.66% per annum and matures in periods 2021 through 2036.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the County at large.

Of the total principal and interest payments for 2019, \$249,223 (2018 - \$240,935) of principal and \$205,032 (2018 - \$213,321) of interest will be recovered from Homeland Housing, as those amounts relate to debenture debt borrowed by Westlock County on behalf of Homeland Housing.

Of the total principal and interest payments for 2019, \$44,202 (2018 - \$42,944) of principal and \$9,856 (2018 - \$11,063) of interest will be recovered from the Westlock Seed Cleaning Co-op Ltd., as those amounts relate to the debenture debt borrowed by Westlock County on behalf of the Co-op.

12. INVENTORY FOR CONSUMPTION		2018	2017
Gravel (2018 - 106,968 tonnes, 2017 - 157,726 tonnes)	\$	1,005,009	\$ 857,653
Equipment parts & chemical	_	351,210	 375,661
	\$	1,356,219	\$ 1,233,314

53,177 (2017-127,853) tonnes of gravel on hand at December 31, 2018 was held in the locations of those companies Westlock County contracted with to purchase the gravel. Additional costs for removing the gravel from those sites will be incurred when the gravel is moved.

13. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for Westlock County be disclosed as follows:

	2018	2017
Total debt limit Total debt	\$25,132,740 9,686,695	\$ 22,343,994 10,890,810
Amount of debt limit unused	15,446,045	11,453,184
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	4,188,790 1,353,977	3,723,999 1,526,825
Amount of debt servicing limit unused	\$ 2,834,813	\$ 2,197,174

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

14. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	2018	2017
Tangible capital assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated amortization(Schedule 2) Long term debt (Note 11)	\$148,379,882 (118,344,403) (3,290,154)	\$146,237,365 (116,847,305) (4,210,340)
	\$ 26,745,325	\$ 25,179,720

15. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

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Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2018	2017
Unrestricted surplus Restricted surplus Operating Reserves Capital Reserves Equity in tangible capital assets	\$ 867,322 4,572,025 6,667,784 26,745,325	\$ 867,274 6,024,149 4,946,720 25,179,720
	\$ 38,852,456	\$ 37,017,863

16. GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL

Of the \$1,655,605 government transfers for capital, \$0 (2017 - \$0) are Federal capital grants, \$1,655,605 (2017 - \$1,846,509) are Provincial capital grants, and \$0 (2017 - \$0) are grants from other municipalities.

17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following is a summary of the County's related party transactions:

	 2018	 2017
Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission Landfill usage expense Administration fee revenue Other revenue (hired services and repairs)	\$ (207,924) 20,000 9,005	\$ (219,726) 18,000 <u>17,876</u>
	 (178,919)	 (183,850)
Westlock Regional Water Services Commission Water usage fees	\$ (101,466)	\$ (95,589)
Amounts due from (to) related parties Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission Westlock Regional Water Services Commission	\$ (22,504) (8,253)	\$ (28,644) (8,183)
Due from (to) related parties	 (30,757)	 (36,827)

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

18. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

Westlock County provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (Schedule 5).

19. SALARY AND BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	Co	Salary/ ntract fees ¹	-	Benefits & lowances ²		2018 Total		2017 Total
Councillors:								
Division 1	\$	38,265	\$	5,488	\$	43,753	\$	41,962
Division 2	Ŧ	38,265	Ŧ	6,850	•	45,115	Ŧ	42,927
Division 3		42,091		5,630		47,721		43,554
Division 4		36,965		5,555		42,520		43,277
Division 5		38,265		4,200		42,465		45,143
Division 6		38,265		6,850		45,115		41,856
Division 7		38,265		6,681		44,946		41,407
Chief Administrative Officer		179,659		40,429		220,088		210,319
	\$	450,040	\$	81,683	\$	531,723	\$	510,445

 Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

 Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

20. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the County participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The County is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 10.39% of pensionable earnings up the the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 14.84% on pensionable earnings above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the County to the LAPP in 2018 were \$362,353 (2017 - \$376,027). Total current service contributions by the employees of the County to the Local Authorities Pension Plan in 2018 were \$330,771 (2017 - \$346,042).

At December 31, 2017, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$4.84 billion.

21. COMMITMENTS

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Westlock County has a commitment to remediate the main gravel pit it utilized for gravel extraction once the pit has been utilized to its full capacity. The timeline for the pit to be utilized is uncertain. Westlock County estimates remediation costs to be approximately \$100,000. This amount has not been accrued in the financial statements given the amount and timeline is uncertain.

At December 31, 2018, Westlock County has set aside \$192,955 in reserves to fund future gravel pit remediation costs.

22. CONTINGENCIES

Westlock County is a member of the Westlock Regional Waste Management Commission. Under the terms of this agreement, the County is liable for its proportionate share of closure and postclosure costs associated with the landfill. At December 31, 2018, the Waste Management Commission had accrued \$79,369 (2017-\$71,368) for its post closure liability, and had put aside \$0 (2017-\$0) in term deposits to fund the liability.

The County has access to a bank line of credit with a limit of \$3,000,000 and a MasterCard with a \$50,000 limit. In addition, designated Westlock County staff have access to the use of UFA fuel cards which are under Rural Municipalities of Alberta, hence there is no credit limit.

23. BUDGET DATA

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The budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2018 operating and capital budgets approved by Council. Amortization was not contemplated on development of the budget, however, has been included in the budget presented in the financial statements. The amortization expense included is based on the 2018 actual amortization expense. The chart below reconciles the approved budget to the budget figures reported in these consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Operating budget Capital budget	\$ 20,503,070 5,372,208
Less Transfers from other funds: Operating Capital Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets Loan recovery from other organizations Total Revenue	\$ (755,657) (1,223,267) (79,000) (508,313) \$ 23,309,041
Expenses Operating budget Capital budget	\$ 20,503,070 5,372,208
Add Amortization expense	\$ 1,691,323
Less Transfers from other funds: Operating Capital Loan recovery from other organizations Debt principal payments	\$ (931,770) (5,372,208) (508,313) (920,186)
Total Expenses	\$ 19,834,124
Excess of revenues over expenditures	<u>\$ 3,474,917</u>

24. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Council and Management have approved these financial statements.